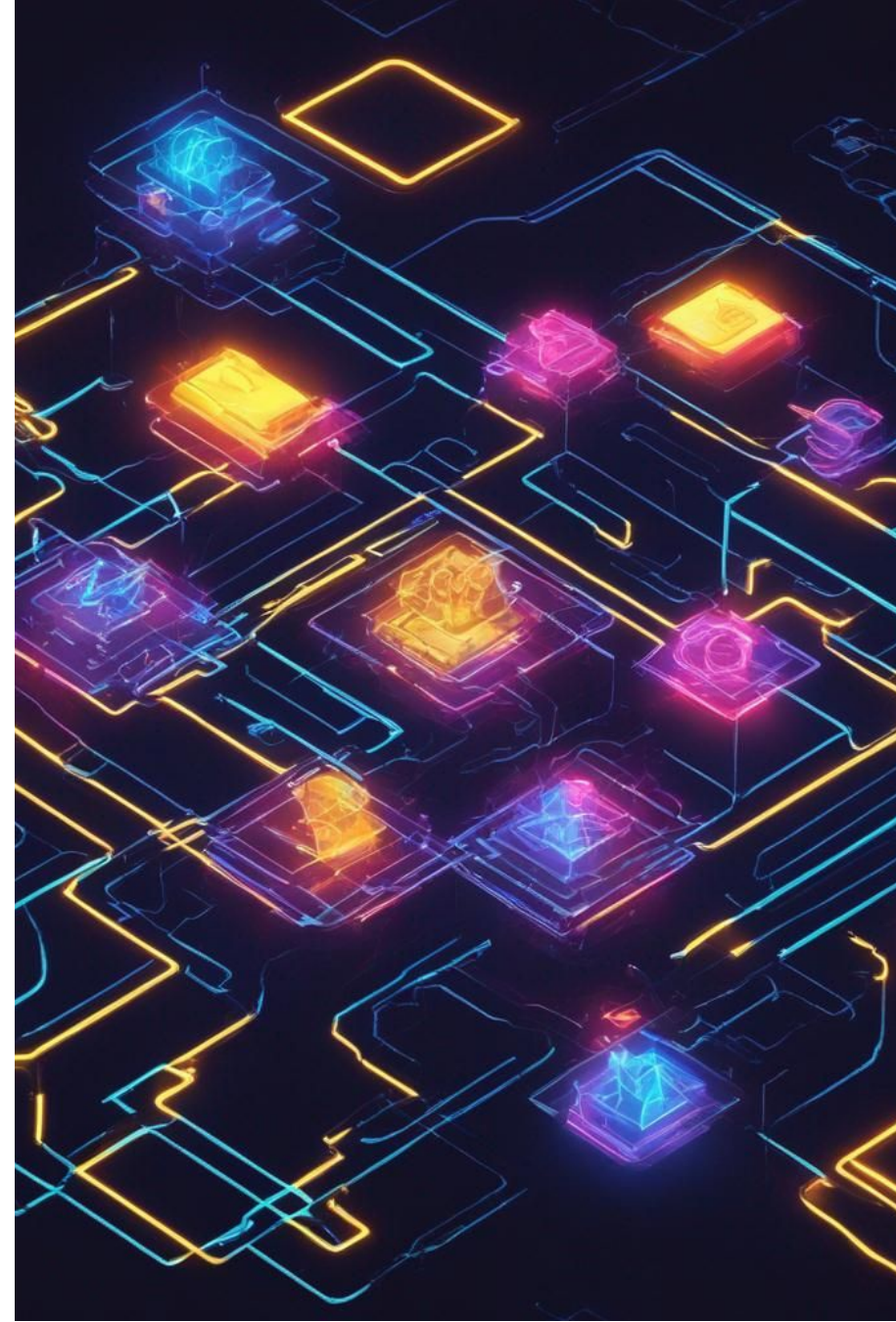


Securing Operations

A Comprehensive Guide to Operations Security and Beyond

CISSP Study Guide - VIII





Operations Security Core Concepts

Understanding Key Policies and Procedures

- Need-to-Know and Least Privilege Principle
- Separation of Duties
- Job Rotation
- Procedures for Sensitive Information
- Record Retention
- Monitoring of Special Privileges



Protecting Tangible and Intangible Assets

- 1 Facilities:** Door Alarms, Fire Systems, Document Shredding
- 2 Hardware:** Password Management, Access Restrictions, Use of Encrypted Tools like SSH
- 3 Software:** Licensing Compliance, Protection of Information Assets (Trade Secrets, Product Plans)



Asset Management Strategies

- **Redundancy and Fault Tolerance:** Ensuring continuous availability
- **Backup and Recovery Systems:** Quick restoration capability
- **Identity and Access Management:** Preserving data integrity

Media Management - RAID Systems

Understanding RAID Levels

- **RAID 0:** Performance focus but without fault tolerance
- **RAID 1:** Disk mirroring for fault tolerance
- **RAID 3 and 5:** Striping with parity for a balance of performance and fault tolerance





Advanced Storage Solutions

Comparing NAS and SAN

- **NAS:** LAN-based Ethernet-linked storage
- **SAN:** High-speed Fibre Channel storage infrastructure

Storage Management Considerations

Hierarchical Storage Management (HSM)

Accurate Media History and Labelling

Safe Storage Environment for Media

Temperature Control to Prevent Media Damage

Data Sanitization and Disposal Practices

- 1 Data Purging:** Degaussing to eliminate forensic data recovery
- 2 Data Clearing:** Making information irrecoverable
- 3 Remanence:** Managing data remnants post-deletion



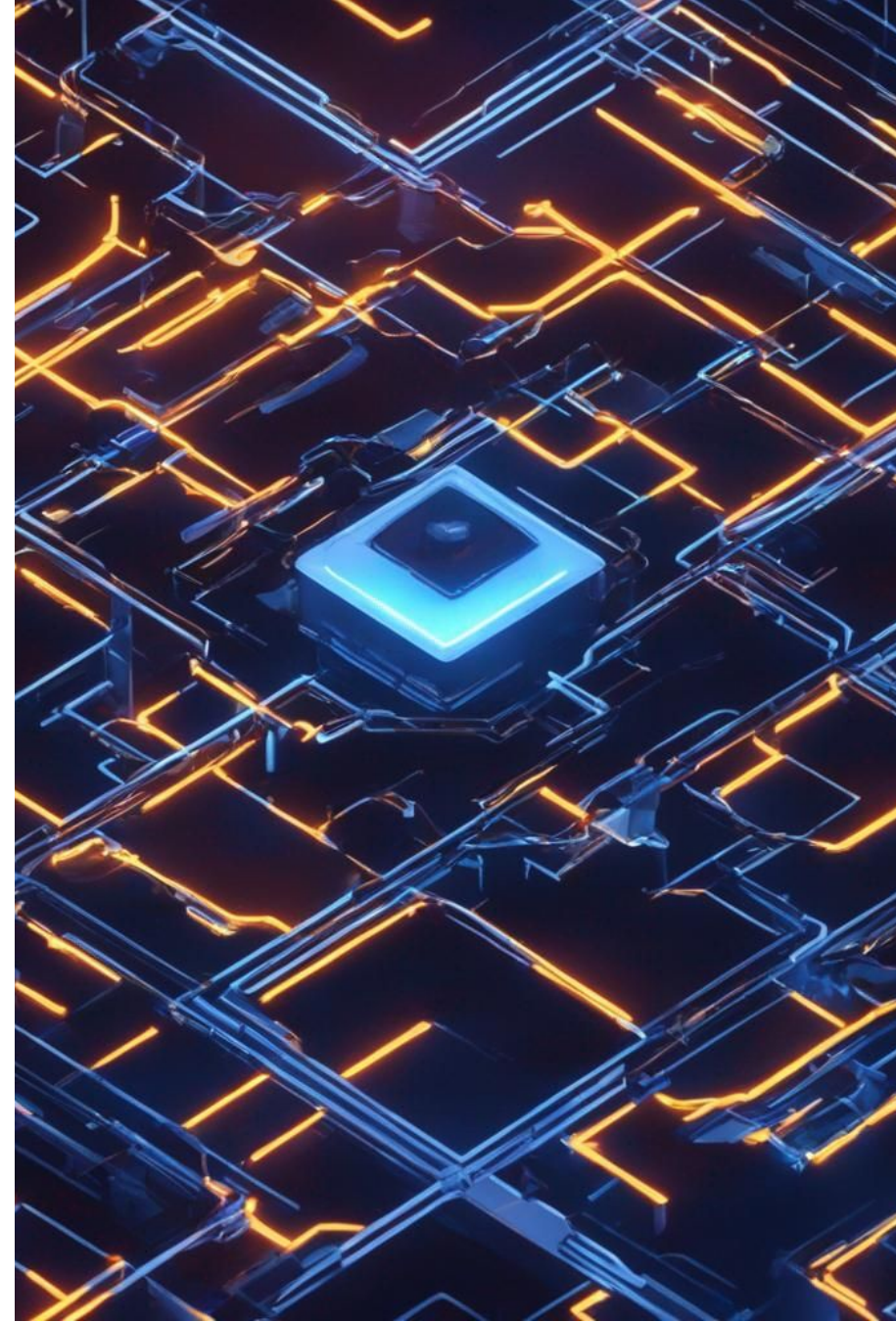
Network and Resource Administration

- Implementation of Redundant Hardware and Fault-tolerant Systems
- Adherence to SLAs for predictability
- Monitoring of MTBF and MTTR for planning
- Elimination of Single Points of Failure (SPOF)

Managing Incident Response

Incident Lifecycle

- Detection
- Response
- Reporting
- Recovery
- Remediation
- Review



The Change Management Process

Formal Request and Analysis for Proposed Changes

Reviewing Costs and Impacts

Strategy Development with Fall-Back Planning

Detailed Documentation and Management Reporting



Audit and Review Essentials

- Analyzing Control over Audit Trails
- Ensuring Separation of Duties in Audit Management
- Access Control to Log Files



Monitoring and Reporting Techniques

- 1** IDPS Updates and Effective Signature Management
- 2** Data Reduction in Monitoring for Requirements Fulfillment
- 3** Adaptable Reporting to Audience Technical Levels

Threats and Precautionary Measures

- Implementing Clipping Levels to Identify Anomalies
- Understanding Deviations from Standards
- Trusted Paths and Recovery for Secure System Operations



System Hardening and Maintenance

Purging of Unnecessary Applications and Services

Rigorous Management of External Device Connections

Vulnerability Management Systems to Centralize Monitoring Operations



Information Security Buzz

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